

**SAMPSON CREEK
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
ST. JOHNS COUNTY, FLORIDA
FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED
SEPTEMBER 30, 2011**

**SAMPSON CREEK COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
ST. JOHNS COUNTY, FLORIDA**

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Supervisors
Sampson Creek Community Development District
St. Johns County, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Sampson Creek Community Development District, St. Johns County, Florida (the "District") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of September 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 11, 2012, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and important for assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



April 11, 2012

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of Sampson Creek Community Development District, St. Johns County, Florida ("District") provides a narrative overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011. Please read it in conjunction with the District's Independent Auditor's Report, basic financial statements, accompanying notes and supplementary information to the basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the District exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year resulting in a net asset balance of \$6,935,798.
- The change in the District's total net assets in comparison with the prior fiscal year was (\$272,042), a decrease. The key components of the District's net assets and change in net assets are reflected in the table in the government-wide financial analysis section.
- At September 30, 2011, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,243,404, an increase of \$85,027 in comparison with the prior fiscal year. The total fund balance is restricted for debt service, non-spendable for prepaid items, and the remainder is unassigned fund balance which is available for spending at the District's discretion.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as the introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements include all governmental activities that are principally supported by special assessment revenues. The District does not have any business-type activities. The governmental activities of the District include the general government (management) and maintenance functions.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The District has one fund category: governmental funds.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and debt service fund. The general and debt service funds are considered to be major funds.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of an entity's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Key components of the District's net assets are reflected in the following table

	NET ASSETS	
	SEPTEMBER 30,	
	2011	2010
Assets, excluding capital assets	\$ 1,724,871	\$ 1,735,614
Capital assets	12,019,304	12,511,550
Total assets	13,744,175	14,247,164
Liabilities, excluding long-term liabilities	152,759	424,051
Long-term liabilities	6,655,618	6,615,273
Total liabilities	6,808,377	7,039,324
Net assets		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	5,829,816	6,399,990
Restricted for debt service	38,491	37,705
Unrestricted	1,067,491	770,145
Total net assets	\$ 6,935,798	\$ 7,207,840

The District's net assets reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, land improvements, and infrastructure); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. These assets are used to provide services to residents; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

The restricted portion of the District's net assets represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets may be used to meet the District's other obligations.

The District's net assets decreased during the most recent fiscal year. The majority of the decrease represents the extent to which the cost of operations and depreciation expense exceeded ongoing program revenues.

Key elements of the change in net assets are reflected in the following table:

	CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,	
	2011	2010
Revenues:		
Program revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 1,488,610	\$ 1,506,886
Operating grants and contributions	184	222
General revenues	46,307	43,171
Total revenues	<u>1,535,101</u>	<u>1,550,279</u>
Expenses:		
General government	115,205	115,483
Physical environment	1,274,240	1,250,498
Interest	417,698	425,652
Total expenses	<u>1,807,143</u>	<u>1,791,633</u>
Change in net assets	<u>(272,042)</u>	<u>(241,354)</u>
Net assets - beginning	<u>7,207,840</u>	<u>7,449,194</u>
Net assets - ending	<u>\$ 6,935,798</u>	<u>\$ 7,207,840</u>

As noted above and in the statement of activities, the cost of all governmental activities during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011 was \$1,807,143. The costs of the District's activities were paid by program revenues. Program revenues were comprised primarily of assessments for the current and prior fiscal years. Program revenues also include interest earnings. The District also receives general revenues related to added services provided to its residents.

GENERAL BUDGETING HIGHLIGHTS

An operating budget was adopted and maintained by the governing board for the District pursuant to the requirements of Florida Statutes. The budget is adopted using the same basis of accounting that is used in preparation of the fund financial statements. The legal level of budgetary control, the level at which expenditures may not exceed budget is in the aggregate. Any budget amendments that increase the aggregate budgeted appropriations must be approved by the Board of Supervisors. Actual general fund expenditures did not exceed appropriations for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011.

Actual general fund expenditures for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011 were less than appropriations due primarily to anticipated costs which were not incurred in the current fiscal year. In addition, the District had an increase in actual assessments received due to fewer property owners taking advantage of the early payment discount.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At September 30, 2011, the District had \$16,694,778 invested in land and land improvements, infrastructure under construction, infrastructure and equipment. In the government-wide financial statements depreciation of \$4,675,474 has been taken, which resulted in a net book value of \$12,019,304. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in the notes of the financial statements.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (Continued)

Capital Debt

At September 30, 2011, the District had \$7,065,000 in Bonds outstanding, a decrease of approximately 3% from the prior fiscal year. More detailed information about the District's capital debt is presented in the notes of the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND OTHER EVENTS

The District does not anticipate any major projects or significant changes to its infrastructure maintenance program for fiscal year 2012. In addition, it is anticipated that the general operations of the District will remain fairly constant. Expansion of the District's fitness facility is in progress and scheduled to be completed in May 2012. The project is funded with capital reserve funds and will have negligible impact on O&M expenses.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, land owners, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the financial resources it manages and the stewardship of the facilities it maintains. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Sampson Creek Community Development District Finance Department at 475 West Town Place, Suite 114, World Golf Village, St. Augustine, Florida, 32092.

**SAMPSON CREEK COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
ST. JOHNS COUNTY, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2011**

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 13,575
Investments	1,035,074
Accrued interest receivable	15
Accounts receivable	1,098
Assessments receivable	14,066
Prepays and deposits	24,293
Restricted assets:	
Temporarily restricted	
Investments	170,620
Deferred charges	466,130
Capital assets	
Nondepreciable	1,738,534
Depreciable, net	10,280,770
Total assets	13,744,175
 LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	15,337
Accrued interest payable	137,422
Non-current liabilities:	
Due within one year	225,000
Due in more than one year	6,430,618
Total liabilities	6,808,377
 NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	5,829,816
Restricted for debt service	38,491
Unrestricted	1,067,491
Total net assets	\$ 6,935,798

See notes to the financial statements

**SAMPSON CREEK COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
ST. JOHNS COUNTY, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011**

<u>Functions/Programs</u>	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Program Revenues</u>		<u>Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets</u>
		<u>Charges for Services</u>	<u>Operating Grants and Contributions</u>	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
Primary government:				
Governmental activities:				
General government	\$ 115,205	\$ 115,205	\$ -	\$ -
Maintenance and operations	1,274,240	813,722	-	(460,518)
Interest on long-term debt	417,698	559,683	184	142,169
Total governmental activities	<u>1,807,143</u>	<u>1,488,610</u>	<u>184</u>	<u>(318,349)</u>
General revenues:				
Miscellaneous				44,239
Unrestricted investment earnings				2,068
Total general revenues				<u>46,307</u>
Change in net assets				(272,042)
Net assets - beginning				7,207,840
Net assets - ending				<u>\$ 6,935,798</u>

See notes to the financial statements

**SAMPSON CREEK COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
ST. JOHNS COUNTY, FLORIDA
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2011**

	Major Funds		Total Governmental Funds
	General	Debt Service	
ASSETS			
Cash	\$ 13,575	\$ -	\$ 13,575
Investments	1,035,074	170,620	1,205,694
Accrued interest receivable	10	5	15
Accounts receivable	1,098	-	1,098
Assessments receivable	8,778	5,288	14,066
Prepays and deposits	24,293	-	24,293
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,082,828</u>	<u>\$ 175,913</u>	<u>\$ 1,258,741</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 15,337	\$ -	\$ 15,337
Total liabilities	<u>15,337</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>15,337</u>
Fund balances:			
Nonspendable:			
Prepaid items and deposits	24,293	-	24,293
Restricted for:			
Debt service	-	175,913	175,913
Unassigned	1,043,198	-	1,043,198
Total fund balances	<u>1,067,491</u>	<u>175,913</u>	<u>1,243,404</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 1,082,828</u>	<u>\$ 175,913</u>	<u>\$ 1,258,741</u>

See notes to the financial statements

**SAMPSON CREEK COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
ST. JOHNS COUNTY, FLORIDA
RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2011**

Total fund balances - governmental funds \$ 1,243,404

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds. The statement of net assets includes those capital assets, net of any accumulated depreciation, in the net assets of the government as a whole.

Cost of capital assets	16,694,778	
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(4,675,474)</u>	12,019,304

Bond issuance costs are not financial resources and, therefore statements of net assets includes these costs, net of amortization.

Bond issuance costs	664,775	
Accumulated amortization	<u>(198,645)</u>	466,130

Liabilities not due and payable from current available resources are not reported as liabilities in the governmental fund statements. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Accrued interest payable	(137,422)	
Bonds payable	<u>(6,655,618)</u>	<u>(6,793,040)</u>

Net assets of governmental activities	<u><u>\$ 6,935,798</u></u>	
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See notes to the financial statements

**SAMPSON CREEK COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
ST. JOHNS COUNTY, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011**

	Major Funds		Total Governmental Funds
	General	Debt Service	
REVENUES			
Assessments	\$ 928,927	\$ 559,683	\$ 1,488,610
Miscellaneous	44,239	-	44,239
Interest	2,068	184	2,252
Total revenues	<u>975,234</u>	<u>559,867</u>	<u>1,535,101</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General government	115,205	-	115,205
Physical environment	676,651	-	676,651
Debt Service:			
Principal	-	215,000	215,000
Interest	-	337,875	337,875
Capital outlay	105,343	-	105,343
Total expenditures	<u>897,199</u>	<u>552,875</u>	<u>1,450,074</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	78,035	6,992	85,027
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Interfund transfer	9,566	(9,566)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>9,566</u>	<u>(9,566)</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances	87,601	(2,574)	85,027
Fund balances - beginning	<u>979,890</u>	<u>178,487</u>	<u>1,158,377</u>
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$ 1,067,491</u>	<u>\$ 175,913</u>	<u>\$ 1,243,404</u>

See notes to the financial statements

**SAMPSON CREEK COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
ST. JOHNS COUNTY, FLORIDA
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011**

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 85,027
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is eliminated and capitalized as capital assets.	105,343
Depreciation on capital assets is not recognized in the governmental fund statements, but is reported as an expense in the statement of activities.	(597,589)
Repayment of long-term liabilities are reported as expenditures in the governmental fund statements, but such repayments reduce liabilities in the statement of net assets and are eliminated in the statement of activities.	215,000
Governmental funds report the effect of issuance of costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	
Amortization on issuance costs	(42,838)
Amortization on deferred amount on refunding	(46,400)
Amortization on original issue premium	6,055
The change in accrued interest on long-term liabilities between the current and prior fiscal year is recorded in the statement of activities, but not in the fund financial statements.	<u>3,360</u>
Change in net assets of governmental activities	<u><u>\$ (272,042)</u></u>

**SAMPSON CREEK COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
ST. JOHNS COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

NOTE 1 – NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND REPORTING ENTITY

Sampson Creek Community Development District ("District") was created on August 1, 2000 pursuant to the Uniform Community Development District Act of 1980, otherwise known as Chapter 190, Florida Statutes. The Act provides among other things, the power to manage basic services for community development, power to borrow money and issue Bonds, and to levy and assess non-ad valorem assessments for the financing and delivery of capital infrastructure.

The District was established for the purposes of financing and managing the acquisition, construction, maintenance and operation of a portion of the infrastructure necessary for community development within the District.

The District is governed by the Board of Supervisors ("Board"), which is composed of five members. The Supervisors are elected by qualified electors within the District. The Board of Supervisors of the District exercise all powers granted to the District pursuant to Chapter 190, Florida Statutes.

The Board has the responsibility for:

1. Assessing and levying assessments.
2. Approving budgets.
3. Exercising control over facilities and properties.
4. Controlling the use of funds generated by the District.
5. Approving the hiring and firing of key personnel.
6. Financing improvements.

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement 14, and Statement 39, an amendment of GASB Statement 14. Under the provisions of those standards, the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the District Board of Supervisors is considered to be financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that, if excluded, the financial statements of the District would be considered incomplete or misleading. There are no entities considered to be component units of the District; therefore, the financial statements include only the operations of the District.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment. Operating-type special assessments for maintenance and debt service are treated as charges for services; and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Assessments are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are to be recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Assessments

Assessments are non-ad valorem assessments on benefitted property within the District. Operating and Maintenance Assessments are based upon adopted budget and levied annually at a public hearing of the District. Debt Service Assessments are levied when Bonds are certified for collection on an annual basis. The District may collect assessments directly or utilize the uniform method of collection (Chapter 197.3632, Florida Statutes). Direct collected assessments are due as determined by an annual assessment resolution adopted by the Board of Supervisors. Assessments collected under the uniform method are mailed by the County Tax Collector on November 1 and due on or before March 31 of each year. Property owners may prepay a portion or all of the Debt Service Assessments on their property subject to various provisions in the Bond documents.

Assessments and interest associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. The portion of assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The general fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the annual payment of principal and interest on long-term debt.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first for qualifying expenditures, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

Restricted Assets

These assets represent cash and investments set aside pursuant to Bond covenants or other contractual restrictions.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and demand deposits (interest and non-interest bearing).

The District has elected to proceed under the Alternative Investment Guidelines as set forth in Section 218.415 (17) Florida Statutes. The District may invest any surplus public funds in the following:

- a) The Local Government Surplus Trust Funds, or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act;
- b) Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency;
- c) Interest bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories;
- d) Direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury.

Securities listed in paragraph c and d shall be invested to provide sufficient liquidity to pay obligations as they come due.

The District records all interest revenue related to investment activities in the respective funds and reports investments at fair value.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets which include property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the government activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Improvements other than building	30
Equipment	5

In the governmental fund financial statements, amounts incurred for the acquisition of capital assets are reported as fund expenditures. Depreciation expense is not reported in the governmental fund financial statements.

Deferred Charges

In a prior year, in connection with the issuance of certain debt, the District incurred costs totaling \$664,775. In the government-wide financial statements that amount has been capitalized and amortized over the estimated life of the Bonds. At September 30, 2011, the District reported accumulated amortization of \$198,645.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

Deferred Amount on Refunding For advance refunding resulting in defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized using the effective interest method over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. The deferred amount is offset against the new liability.

Deferred Revenue

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized ratably over the life of the Bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable premiums or discounts.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Equity/Net Assets

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report non spendable and restricted fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Assignments of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change. Under GASB 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, fund balances are required to be reported according to the following classifications:

Non-spendable fund balance – Amounts that are (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. “Not in spendable form” includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) and items such as long-term amount of loans and notes receivable, as well as property acquired for resale. The corpus (or principal) of a permanent fund is an example of an amount that is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by (a) external resource providers such as creditors (by debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Supervisors. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the Board of Supervisors taking the same formal action (resolution) that imposed the constraint originally. Resources accumulated pursuant to stabilization arrangements sometimes are reported in this category.

Assigned fund balance – Includes spendable fund balance amounts, established by the Board of Supervisors, that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted nor committed.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

Fund Equity/Net Assets (Continued)

Unassigned fund balance – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

The District first uses committed fund balance, followed by assigned fund balance and then unassigned fund balance when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Net assets in the government-wide financial statements are categorized as invested in capital assets, net of related debt, restricted or unrestricted. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt represents net assets related to infrastructure and property, plant and equipment, net of any related debt. Restricted net assets represent the assets restricted by the District's Bond covenants or other contractual restrictions.

Other Disclosures

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3 – BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The District is required to establish a budgetary system and an approved Annual Budget. Annual Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- a) Each year the District Manager submits to the District Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1.
- b) A Public hearing is conducted to obtain public comments.
- c) Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted by the District Board.
- d) All budget changes must be approved by the District Board.
- e) The budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- f) Unused appropriation for annually budgeted funds lapse at the end of the year.

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

The District's cash balances were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by a collateral pool pledged to the State Treasurer. Florida Statutes Chapter 280, "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act", requires all qualified depositories to deposit with the Treasurer or another banking institution eligible collateral equal to various percentages of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable deposit insurance held. The percentage of eligible collateral (generally, U.S. Governmental and agency securities, state or local government debt, or corporate bonds) to public deposits is dependent upon the depository's financial history and its compliance with Chapter 280. In the event of a failure of a qualified public depository, the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any resulting losses.

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments

The District's investments were held as follows at September 30, 2011:

	<u>Maturities</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Credit Risk</u>
Investment in Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (Florida PRIME)	Weighted average of the fund portfolio: 38 days	\$ 711,834	S&P AAAM
First American Prime Obligation Fund Class Z	Weighted Average Maturity: 44 days	493,860	S&P AAAM
Total Investments		<u>\$ 1,205,694</u>	

There are two options for accounting and reporting for money market investment pools either "2a-7 like" or fluctuating net asset value ("NAV"). "2a-7 like" pool is an external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, which comprises the rules governing money market funds. Thus, the pool operates essentially as a money market fund. Rule 2a-7 is the rule that allows money market funds to use amortized cost to maintain a constant NAV of \$1.00 per share, provided that such funds meet certain conditions. The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund Investment Pool (Florida PRIME) is considered a 2a7-like fund and the District has reported its investment in Florida PRIME at the same value as the pooled shares allocated to the District. The estimated weighted average maturity of the Florida PRIME portfolio is 38 days. Additional information regarding the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund may be obtained from the State Board of Administration.

Custodial risk – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of the investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no formal policy for custodial risk and one is not required. The money market mutual funds are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

Credit risk – For investments, credit risk is generally the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Investment ratings by investment type are included in the preceding summary of investments.

Concentration risk – No limits are required and the District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer.

Interest rate risk – The District is not required to, nor does it have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

However, the Bond Indenture limits the type of investments held using unspent proceeds.

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers at September 30, 2011 were as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Transfer in</u>	<u>Transfer out</u>
General	\$ 9,566	\$ -
Debt service	-	9,566
Total	<u>\$ 9,566</u>	<u>\$ 9,566</u>

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund where collection occurs to the fund where funds have been reallocated for use. The transfer pertains to revenues collected in the debt service fund.

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
<u>Governmental activities</u>				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land and land improvements	\$ 1,648,125	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,648,125
Infrastructure under construction	-	90,409	-	90,409
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,648,125	90,409	-	1,738,534
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Improvements other than buildings	14,907,504	-	-	14,907,504
Equipment	33,806	14,934	-	48,740
Total capital assets, being depreciated	14,941,310	14,934	-	14,956,244
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Improvements other than buildings	4,050,097	593,087	-	4,643,184
Equipment	27,788	4,502	-	32,290
Total accumulated depreciation	4,077,885	597,589	-	4,675,474
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	10,863,425	(582,655)	-	10,280,770
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 12,511,550	\$ (492,246)	\$ -	\$ 12,019,304

Depreciation expense of \$597,589 was charged to physical environment.

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

On November 1, 2006, the District issued \$8,055,000 of Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2006, consisting of \$2,200,000 Serial Bonds due on May 1, 2016 with various interest rates ranging from 3.50% to 4.00%, \$1,510,000 Term Bonds due in May 1, 2021 with a fixed interest rate of 5.00%, \$1,915,000 Term Bonds due in May 1, 2026 with a fixed interest rate of 4.50%, and \$2,430,000 Term Bonds due in May 1, 2031 with a fixed interest rate of 5.00%. Interest is to be paid semiannually on each May 1 and November 1 and the principal is to be paid serially on each May 1, commencing May 1, 2007.

The Bonds are subject to redemption at the option of the District prior to their maturity. The Bonds are subject to extraordinary mandatory redemption prior to their selected maturity in the manner determined by the Bond Registrar if certain events occurred as outlined in the Bond Indenture.

The Bond Indenture established a debt service reserve requirement which was met through the purchase of a financial guaranty insurance policy. The Bond Indenture has other restrictions and requirements relating principally to the use of proceeds to pay for the infrastructure improvements and the procedures to be followed by the District on assessments to property owners. The District agrees to collect special assessments in annual amounts adequate to provide payment of debt service and to meet the reserve requirements. The District is in compliance with those requirements of the Bond Indenture at September 30, 2011.

Refunded Bonds

The Series 2006 Bonds were issued to refund the District's outstanding Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2000A and its Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2002A. In the prior year, the Series 2000A Bonds were called for full redemption. The Series 2002A Bonds have a balance of \$279,193 as of September 30, 2011.

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Changes in long-term liability activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011 were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
<u>Governmental activities</u>					
Bonds payable:					
Series 2006	\$ 7,280,000	\$ -	\$ 215,000	\$ 7,065,000	\$ 225,000
Premium	119,112	-	6,055	113,057	-
Less Deferred amount on refunding	(568,839)	-	(46,400)	(522,439)	-
Total	<u>\$ 6,830,273</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 174,655</u>	<u>\$ 6,655,618</u>	<u>\$ 225,000</u>

At September 30, 2011, the scheduled debt service requirements on the long-term debt were as follows:

Year ending September 30:	Governmental Activities		
	Principal	Interest	Total
2012	\$ 225,000	\$ 329,812	\$ 554,812
2013	235,000	321,376	556,376
2014	240,000	312,562	552,562
2015	250,000	303,262	553,262
2016	260,000	293,576	553,576
2017-2021	1,510,000	1,272,380	2,782,380
2022-2026	1,915,000	873,900	2,788,900
2027-2031	2,430,000	376,500	2,806,500
Total	<u>\$ 7,065,000</u>	<u>\$ 4,083,368</u>	<u>\$ 11,148,368</u>

NOTE 8 – MANAGEMENT COMPANY

The District has contracted with a management company to perform management advisory services, which include financial and accounting services. Certain employees of the management company also serve as officers of the District. Under the agreement, the District compensates the management company for management, accounting, financial reporting, computer and other administrative costs.

NOTE 9 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The District has obtained commercial insurance from independent third parties to mitigate the costs of these risks; coverage may not extend to all situations. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage over the past three years.

**SAMPSON CREEK COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
ST. JOHNS COUNTY, FLORIDA
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011**

	Budgeted Amounts <u>Original & Final</u>	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Assessments	\$ 916,438	\$ 928,927	\$ 12,489
Miscellaneous	39,500	44,239	4,739
Interest	500	2,068	1,568
Total revenues	<u>956,438</u>	<u>975,234</u>	<u>18,796</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General government	117,559	115,205	2,354
Physical environment	742,786	676,651	66,135
Capital outlay	100,000	105,343	(5,343)
Total expenditures	<u>960,345</u>	<u>897,199</u>	<u>63,146</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,907)	78,035	81,942
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfer in (out)	3,907	9,566	5,659
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>3,907</u>	<u>9,566</u>	<u>5,659</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	87,601	<u>\$ 87,601</u>
Fund balance - beginning		<u>979,890</u>	
Fund balance - ending		<u>\$ 1,067,491</u>	

See notes to required supplementary information

**SAMPSON CREEK COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
ST. JOHNS COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

The District is required to establish a budgetary system and an approved Annual Budget for the general fund. The District's budgeting process is based on estimates of cash receipts and cash expenditures which are approved by the Board. The budget approximates a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (generally accepted accounting principles).

The legal level of budgetary control, the level at which expenditures may not exceed budget, is in the aggregate. Any budget amendments that increase the aggregate budgeted appropriations must be approved by the Board of Supervisors. Actual general fund expenditures did not exceed appropriations for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011.

Actual general fund expenditures for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011 were less than appropriations due primarily to anticipated costs which were not incurred in the current fiscal year. In addition, the District had an increase in actual assessments received due to fewer property owners taking advantage of the early payment discount.



**REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT
OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

To the Board of Supervisors
Sampson Creek Community Development District
St. Johns County, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Sampson Creek Community Development District, St. Johns County, Florida ("District") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 11, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, and contracts, and agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is public record and is intended for the information of the management, Board of Supervisors of Sampson Creek Community Development District, St. Johns County, Florida and the Auditor General of the State of Florida and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

April 11, 2012



**MANAGEMENT LETTER PURSUANT TO THE RULES OF
THE AUDITOR GENERAL FOR THE STATE OF FLORIDA**

To the Board of Supervisors
Sampson Creek Community Development District
St. Johns County, Florida

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of Sampson Creek Community Development District ("District") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011, and have issued our report thereon dated April 11, 2012.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

In addition, we have issued our Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters dated April 11, 2012. Disclosures in that report should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

The purpose of this letter is to comment on those matters required by Chapter 10.550 of the Rules of the Auditor General for the State of Florida. Accordingly, in connection with our audit of the financial statements of the District, as described in the first paragraph, we report the following:

- I. Current year findings and recommendations.**
- II. Status of prior year findings and recommendations.**
- III. Compliance with the Provisions of the Auditor General of the State of Florida.**

Pursuant to Chapter 119, Florida Statutes, this management letter is a public record and its distribution is not limited. This letter is intended for the information and use management, Board of Supervisors of Sampson Creek Community Development District, St. Johns County, Florida and the Auditor General of the State of Florida and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to thank Sampson Creek Community Development District, St. Johns County, Florida and the personnel associated with it, for the opportunity to be of service to them in this endeavor as well as future engagements and the courtesies extended to us.

April 11, 2012

REPORT TO MANAGEMENT

I. CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

None

II. PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

None

III. COMPLIANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

Unless otherwise required to be reported in the auditor's report on compliance and internal controls, the management letter shall include, but not be limited to the following:

1. A statement as to whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

There were no significant findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010.

2. A statement as to whether or not the local governmental entity complied with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds.

The District complied with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds.

3. Any recommendations to improve the local governmental entity's financial management.

There were no such matters discovered by, or that came to the attention of, the auditor, to be reported for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011.

4. Violations of provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but more than inconsequential.

There were no such matters discovered by, or that came to the attention of, the auditor, to be reported, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011.

5. For matters that have an inconsequential effect on the financial statements, considering both quantitative and qualitative factors, the following may be reported based on professional judgment:

- a. Violations of provisions of contracts or grant agreements, fraud, illegal acts, or abuse.
- b. Deficiencies in internal control that are not significant deficiencies.

There were no such matters discovered by, or that came to the attention of, the auditor, that, in our judgment, are required to be reported, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011.

6. The name or official title and legal authority of the District are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.
7. The financial report filed with the Florida Department of Financial Services pursuant to Section 218.32(1)(a), Florida Statutes agrees with the September 30, 2011 financial audit report.

REPORT TO MANAGEMENT (Continued)

8. The District has not met one or more of the financial emergency conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.
9. We applied financial condition assessment procedures pursuant to Rule 10.556(7) and no deteriorating financial conditions were noted. It is management's responsibility to monitor financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.