Sampson Creek Community Development District

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

September 30, 2020

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

To the Board of Supervisors Sampson Creek Community Development District St. Johns County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of Sampson Creek Community Development District as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the *Government Accounting Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Fort Pierce / Stuart



To the Board of Supervisors
Sampson Creek Community Development District

Opinion

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, and each major fund of Sampson Creek Community Development District as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated June 30, 2021 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations and contracts.

The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Sampson Creek Community Development District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank Certified Public Accountants PL

Fort Pierce, Florida

June 30, 2021

581Management's discussion and analysis of Sampson Creek Community Development District (the "District") financial performance provides an objective and easily readable analysis of the District's financial activities. The analysis provides summary financial information for the District and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The District's basic financial statements comprise three components; 1) Government-wide financial statements, 2) Fund financial statements, and 3) Notes to financial statements. The Government-wide financial statements present an overall picture of the District's financial position and results of operations. The Fund financial statements present financial information for the District's major funds. The Notes to financial statements provide additional information concerning the District's finances.

The Government-wide financial statements are the **statement of net position** and the **statement of activities**. These statements use accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. Emphasis is placed on the net position of governmental activities and the change in net position. Governmental activities are primarily supported by special assessments.

The **statement of net position** presents information on all position and liabilities of the District, with the difference between position and liabilities reported as net position. Net position are reported in three categories; 1) net investment in capital assets, 2) restricted, and 3) unrestricted. Assets, liabilities, and net position are reported for all Governmental activities.

The **statement of activities** presents information on all revenues and expenses of the District and the change in net position. Expenses are reported by major function and program revenues relating to those functions are reported, providing the net cost of all functions provided by the District. To assist in understanding the District's operations, expenses have been reported as governmental activities. Governmental activities financed by the District include general government, physical environment and interest on long term debt.

Fund financial statements present financial information for governmental funds. These statements provide financial information for the major funds of the District. Governmental fund financial statements provide information on the current assets and liabilities of the funds, changes in current financial resources (revenues and expenditures), and current available resources.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fund financial statements include a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for all governmental funds. A statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances – budget and actual is provided for the District's General Fund. Fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's activities. Individual funds are established by the District to track revenues that are restricted to certain uses or to comply with legal requirements.

The government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements provide different pictures of the District. The government-wide financial statements provide an overall picture of the District's financial standing. These statements are comparable to private-sector companies and give a good understanding of the District's overall financial health and how the District paid for the various activities, or functions, provided by the District. All assets of the District, including capital assets are reported in the **statement of net position**. All liabilities, including principal outstanding on bonds are included. The **statement of activities** includes depreciation on all long-lived assets of the District, but transactions between the different functions of the District have been eliminated in order to avoid "doubling up" the revenues and expenses. The fund financial statements provide a picture of the major funds of the District. In the case of governmental activities, outlays for long lived assets are reported as expenditures and long-term liabilities, such as general obligation bonds, are not included in the fund financial statements. To provide a link from the fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation is provided from the fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to financial statements provide additional detail concerning the financial activities and financial balances of the District. Additional information about the accounting practices of the District, investments of the District, capital assets and long-term debt are some of the items included in the *notes to financial statements*.

Financial Highlights

The following are the highlights of financial activity for the year ended September 30, 2020.

- ◆ The District's total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded total liabilities by \$3,426,453 (net position). Unrestricted net position for Governmental Activities were \$547,720. Net investment in capital assets was \$2,847,762. Restricted net position was \$30,971.
- ♦ Governmental activities revenues totaled \$1,580,512 while governmental activities expenses totaled \$1,997,434.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial Analysis of the District

The following schedule provides a summary of the assets, liabilities and net position of the District and is presented by category for comparison purposes.

Net Position

	Governmenta	I Activities			
	2020	2019			
Current assets	\$ 581,419	\$ 693,218			
Restricted assets	1,674,785	508,597			
Capital assets, net	9,595,793	8,979,351			
Prepaid bond insurance	36,495	-			
Deferred outflows	309,573	339,292			
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	12,198,065	10,520,458			
Current liabilities	528,952	516,285			
Non-current liabilities	8,242,660	6,160,798			
Total Liabilities	8,771,612	6,677,083			
Net investment in capital assets	2,847,762	3,002,740			
Net position - restricted	30,971	34,220			
Net position - unrestricted	547,720	806,415			
Total Net Position	\$ 3,426,453	\$ 3,843,375			

The increase in capital assets is mainly related to capital additions exceeding depreciation in the current year.

The increase in restricted assets and non-current liabilities is related to the issuance of long-term debt in the current year.

The decrease in net position is the result of expenses exceeding revenues in the current year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial Analysis of the District (Continued)

The following schedule provides a summary of the changes in net position of the District and is presented by category for comparison purposes.

Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities			
	2020	2019		
Program Revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 1,538,583	\$ 1,490,384		
General Revenues				
Investment earnings	11,384	18,806		
Miscellaneous	30,545	73,974		
Total Revenues	1,580,512	1,583,164		
Expenses				
General government	130,717	132,167		
Physical environment	1,400,927	1,543,896		
Interest and other charges	465,790	213,274		
Total Expenses	1,997,434	1,889,337		
Change in Net Position	(416,922)	(306,173)		
Net Position - Beginning of Year	3,843,375	4,149,548		
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 3,426,453	\$ 3,843,375		

The increase in charges for services is related to an increase in assessments levied in the current year.

The increase in interest and other charges is related to the bond issuance costs associated with the issuance of long-term debt in the current year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets Activity

The following schedule provides a summary of the District's capital assets activity as of September 30, 2020:

	Governmental Activities					
Description	2020	2019				
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land improvements	\$ 1,648,125	\$ 1,648,125				
Capital assets being depreciated: Improvements other than buildings Equipment Accumulated depreciation	17,152,941 825,875 (10,031,148)	15,938,616 814,585 (9,421,975)				
Total Capital Assets, depreciated	7,947,668	7,331,226				
Total Capital Assets	\$ 9,595,793	\$ 8,979,351				

During the year, depreciation was \$609,173 and \$1,214,325 was added to improvements other than buildings and \$11,290 was added to equipment.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The budget exceeded actual expenditures primarily because of lower engineering fees, legal fees and amenity maintenance expenditures than were originally expected.

The current year budget was not amended.

Debt Management

Governmental Activities debt includes the following:

- ♦ In March 2016, the District issued \$7,595,000 Series 2016 Capital Improvement and Revenue Refunding Bonds. These bonds were issued to advance refund the Series 2006 Capital Improvement and Revenue Refunding Bonds and fund the Series 2016 Capital Improvement Project. The balance outstanding at September 30, 2020 was \$6,215,000.
- ♦ In February 2020, the District issued \$2,520,000 Series 2020 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds. These bonds were issued to finance a portion of the cost of acquiring, constructing, and equipping the Series 2020 Project. As of September 30, 2020, the balance outstanding was \$2,520,000.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

Sampson Creek Community Development District does not expect any economic factors to have any significant effect on the financial position or results of operations of the District in fiscal year 2021.

Request for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Sampson Creek Community Development District's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Sampson Creek Community Development District, Governmental Management Services, 475 West Town Place, Suite 114, St. Augustine, Florida 32092.

Sampson Creek Community Development District STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 100,575
Investments	460,424
Due from other governments	14,547
Interest receivable	53
Deposits	820
Prepaid expenses	5,000
Total Current Assets	581,419
Non-current Assets:	
Prepaid bond insurance	36,495
Restricted assets:	
Investments	1,674,785
Capital assets not being depreciated:	
Land improvements	1,648,125
Capital assets being depreciated:	
Improvements other than buildings	17,152,941
Equipment Less: accumulated depreciation	825,875
Total Non-current Assets	(10,031,148) 11,307,073
Total Assets	11,888,492
10141710000	11,000,402
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	
Deferred amount on refunding	309,573
Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources	12,198,065
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	33,643
Contracts payable	3,575
Accrued interest payable	96,734
Bonds payable	395,000
Total Current Liabilities	528,952
Non-current liabilities:	
Bonds payable	8,242,660
Total Liabilities	8,771,612
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	2,847,762
Restricted for debt service	30,971
Unrestricted	547,720
Total Net Position	\$ 3,426,453
1 State (10t) Column	Ψ 3,720,733

Sampson Creek Community Development District STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Program Revenues Charges for	Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Position Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Activities
Governmental Activities General government Physical environment Interest on long-term debt Total Governmental Activities	\$ (130,717) (1,400,927) (465,790) \$ (1,997,434) General revenues: Investment earning Miscellaneous Total General F	ngs	\$ 13,972 (561,795) 88,972 (458,851) 11,384 30,545 41,929
	Change in Net Posi	tion	(416,922)
	Net Position - Octol Net Position - Septe	·	3,843,375 \$ 3,426,453

Sampson Creek Community Development District BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2020

ASSETS	General	bt Service eries 2016	bt Service eries 2020	ital Project Reserve	al Project es 2016	ital Project ries 2020	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 79,544	\$ -	\$ _	\$ 21,031	\$ _	\$ -	\$	100,575
Investments	460,424	-	-	-	-	-		460,424
Due from other governments	14,547	-	-	-	-	-		14,547
Accrued interest receivable	2	11	5	-	-	35		53
Deposits	820	-	-	-	-	-		820
Prepaid expenses	5,000	-	-	-	-	-		5,000
Restricted assets - investments at fair value	-	288,767	145,012	383,769	7,757	849,480		1,674,785
Total Assets	\$ 560,337	\$ 288,778	\$ 145,017	\$ 404,800	\$ 7,757	\$ 849,515	\$	2,256,204
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$ 33,643	\$ -	\$ _	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	33,643
Contracts payable	-	-	-	-	1,656	1,919		3,575
Total Liabilities	 33,643	-		-	1,656	1,919		37,218
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable								
Deposits	820	-	-	-	-	-		820
Prepaid expenses	5,000	-	-	-	-	-		5,000
Restricted for:								
Debt service	-	288,778	145,017	-	-	-		433,795
Capital projects	-	-	-	-	6,101	847,596		853,697
Assigned-capital projects	-	-	-	404,800	-	-		404,800
Unassigned	 520,874	<u>-</u>	-	-	<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>		520,874
Total Fund Balances	526,694	288,778	145,017	404,800	6,101	847,596		2,218,986
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 560,337	\$ 288,778	\$ 145,017	\$ 404,800	\$ 7,757	\$ 849,515	\$	2,256,204

Sampson Creek Community Development District RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES September 30, 2020

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 2,218,986
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets not being depreciated (land improvements) used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported at the fund level.	1,648,125
Capital assets being depreciated (improvements other than building (\$17,152,941) and equipment (\$825,875) net of accumulated depreciation (\$(10,031,148))) used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore, are not reported at the fund level.	7,947,668
Prepaid bond insurance was recognized as an other debt service cost at the fund level in the year the debt was issued, however, at the government-wide level it is recognized as an asset and amortized over the life of the bonds.	36,495
Deferred outflow of resources are not current financial resources and therefore, are not reported at the fund level.	309,573
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable (\$(8,735,000)), less net bond discount (\$97,340) are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported at the fund level.	(8,637,660)
Accrued interest expense for long-term debt is not a current financial use and therefore, is not reported at the fund statement level.	(96,734)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 3,426,453

Sampson Creek Community Development District STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	General	Debt Service Series 2016	Debt Service Series 2020	Capital Project Reserve	Capital Project Series 2016	Capital Project Series 2020	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues							
Special assessments	\$ 983,821	\$ 554,762	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,538,583
Investment earnings	369	3,247	238	4,130	233	3,167	11,384
Miscellaneous	30,545						30,545
Total Revenues	1,014,735	558,009	238	4,130	233	3,167	1,580,512
Expenditures							
Current							
General government	126,906	_	-	3,811	-	-	130,717
Physical environment	735,997	_	-	31,766	10,122	15,469	793,354
Capital outlay	-	_	-	11,290	15,525	1,198,800	1,225,615
Debt service					•		
Principal	_	380,000	-	-	-	-	380,000
Interest	-	175,624	12,471	-	-	-	188,095
Other debt service	_	· -	· -	-	-	255,907	255,907
Total Expenditures	862,903	555,624	12,471	46,867	25,647	1,470,176	2,973,688
Revenue over/under expenditures	151,832	2,385	(12,233)	(42,737)	(25,414)	(1,467,009)	(1,393,176)
Other financing sources/(uses)							
Issuance of long-term debt	_	_	157,250	_	_	2,362,750	2,520,000
Bond discount	_	_	101,200	_	_	(48,145)	(48,145)
Insurance proceeds	1,600					(40,140)	1,600
Transfers in	14,384	-	-	70 505	-	-	•
	•	(44.004)	-	72,585	-	-	86,969
Transfers out	(72,585)	(14,384)					(86,969)
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	(56,601)	(14,384)	157,250	72,585		2,314,605	2,473,455
Net change in fund balances	95,231	(11,999)	145,017	29,848	(25,414)	847,596	1,080,279
Fund Balances - October 1, 2019	431,463	300,777		374,952	31,515		1,138,707
Fund Balances - September 30, 2020	\$ 526,694	\$ 288,778	\$ 145,017	\$ 404,800	\$ 6,101	\$ 847,596	\$ 2,218,986

Sampson Creek Community Development District RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1,080,279
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation. This is the amount that capital outlay, \$1,225,615, exceeded depreciation, \$(609,173), in the current year.	616,442
The issuance of long-term debt is recognized as an other financing source at the fund level. At the government-wide level it is reflected as an increase in long-term liabilities	(2,520,000)
The purchase of bond insurance is recorded as an other debt service cost at the fund level, however, it is treated as a prepaid expense and amortized over the life of the bond at the government-wide level.	37,582
Bond discount associated with the issuance of long-term debt, is a reduction in an other financing use at the fund level, but at the government-wide level it is included in long-term liabilities.	48,145
Repayment of long-term liabilities are reported as expenditures in the governmental fund statement, but such repayments reduce liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	380,000
Amortization of prepaid bond insurance reported in the Statement of Activities does not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, is not reported as an expenditure at the fund level.	(1,087)
Amortization expense of a bond discount does not require the use of current resources and therefore is not reported in the governmental funds. This is the amount of amortization in the current period.	(5,007)
The deferred amount of refunding is amortized in the Statement of Activities, but not in the governmental funds. This is the amount of amortization in the current year.	(29,719)
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds; whereas in governmental funds, interest expenditures are reported when due. This is the change in accrued interest from the prior year to the current year.	(23,557)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (416,922)

Sampson Creek Community Development District STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	.
Special assessments	\$ 965,414	\$ 965,414	\$ 983,821	\$ 18,407
Investment earnings Miscellaneous	75 45 250	75 45 250	369 30.545	294 (14.705)
Total Revenues	45,250 1,010,739	45,250 1,010,739	30,545 1,014,735	(14,705) 3,996
Total Nevertues	1,010,739	1,010,739	1,014,733	3,990
Expenditures Current				
General government	146,505	146,505	126,906	19,599
Physical environment	827,403	827,403	735,997	91,406
Total Expenditures	973,908	973,908	862,903	111,005
Revenues over/(under) expenditures	36,831	36,831	151,832	115,001
Other financing sources/(uses)				
insurance proceeds	-	-	1,600	1,600
Transfers in	-	-	14,384	14,384
Transfers out	(36,831)	(36,831)	(72,585)	(35,754)
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses) <u>(36,831)</u>	(36,831)	(56,601)	(19,770)
Net change in fund balances	-	-	95,231	95,231
Fund Balances - October 1, 2019			431,463	431,463
Fund Balances - September 30, 2020	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 526,694	\$ 526,694

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's more significant accounting policies are described below.

1. Reporting Entity

The District was established on August 1, 2000, pursuant to the Uniform Community Development District Act of 1980, Chapter 190, Florida Statutes. The District was established for the purposes of financing and managing the acquisition, construction, maintenance and operation of the infrastructure necessary for community development within its jurisdiction. The District is authorized to issue bonds for the purpose, among others, of financing, funding, planning, establishing, acquiring, constructing or reconstructing, enlarging or extending, equipping, operating and maintaining water management, bridges or culverts, district roads, landscaping, street lights and other basic infrastructure projects within or without the boundaries of the Sampson Creek Community Development District. The District is governed by a five-member Board of Supervisors who are elected on an at-large basis in a general election by qualified electors within the District. The District operates within the criteria established by Chapter 190.

The reporting entity for the District includes all functions of government in which the District's Board exercises oversight responsibility. Oversight responsibility includes, but is not limited to, financial interdependency, designation of management, significant ability to influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the Sampson Creek Community Development District (the primary government) as a stand-alone government.

Based upon the application of the above-mentioned criteria as set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, the District has identified no component units.

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The basic financial statements of the District are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to financial statements

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

a. Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Government-wide financial statements report all non-fiduciary information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the governmental activities of the primary government. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

Governmental activities are supported by special assessments. Program revenues include charges for services and payments made by parties outside of the reporting government's citizenry if that money is restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the Statement of Activities to present the net cost of each program.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source.

Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

b. Fund Financial Statements

The underlying accounting system of the District is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the primary government's governmental funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

b. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds

The District classifies fund balance according to Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 54 – Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The Statement requires the fund balance for governmental funds to be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The District has various policies governing the fund balance classifications.

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This classification consists of amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance – This classification consists of the Board of Supervisors' intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – This classification is the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. Unassigned fund balance is considered to be utilized first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Fund Balance Spending Hierarchy – For all governmental funds except special revenue funds, when restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are combined in a fund, qualified expenditures are paid first from restricted or committed fund balance, as appropriate, then assigned and finally unassigned fund balances.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

b. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are combined in a fund, qualified expenses are considered to be paid first from restricted resources, and then from unrestricted resources. Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Interest associated with the current fiscal period is considered to be an accrual item and so has been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period.

Under the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The reported fund balance is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources". Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types excludes amounts represented by non-current liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the year that resources are expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as an other financing source rather than as a fund liability.

Debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3. Basis of Presentation

a. Governmental Major Funds

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> – Account for debt service requirements to retire the capital improvement revenue and refunding bonds which were used to refund the capital improvement bonds issued to finance the construction of District infrastructure improvements and fund the cost to acquire, construct and equip the Series 2016 Project.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> – The Capital Projects Funds account for the construction of improvements within the District.

b. Non-current Governmental Assets/Liabilities

GASB Statement 34 requires that non-current governmental assets, such as land and buildings, and non-current governmental liabilities, such as general obligation bonds, be reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

a. Cash and Investments

Florida Statutes require state and local governmental units to deposit monies with financial institutions classified as "Qualified Public Depositories," a multiple financial institution pool whereby groups of securities pledged by the various financial institutions provide common collateral from their deposits of public funds. This pool is provided as additional insurance to the federal depository insurance and allows for additional assessments against the member institutions, providing full insurance for public deposits.

The District is authorized to invest in those financial instruments as established by Section 218.415, Florida Statutes. The authorized investments consist of:

- 1. Direct obligations of the United States Treasury;
- 2. The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperative Act of 1969;
- 3. Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in authorized qualified public depositories;
- 4. Securities and Exchange Commission, registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency.

Cash equivalents include time deposits, certificates of deposit and all highly liquid debt instruments with original maturities of three months or less.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

b. Restricted Net Position

Certain net position of the District will be classified as restricted on the statement of net position because their use is limited either by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; or by restrictions imposed externally by creditors. In a fund with both restricted and unrestricted net position, qualified expenses are considered to be paid first from restricted net position and then from unrestricted net position.

c. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land improvements, improvements other than buildings, and equipment are reported in governmental activities.

The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. The valuation basis for all assets is historical cost.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by utilizing the straight-line method over the assets' estimated useful lives ranging from 5 to 30 years.

d. Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflow of resources is the consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred amount on refunding is amortized and recognized as a component of interest expense over the life of the bond.

e. Bond Discounts

Bond discounts associated with the issuance of bonds are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method of accounting.

f. Budgets

Budgets are prepared and adopted after public hearings for the governmental funds, pursuant to Chapter 190 and Section 200.065, Florida Statutes. The District utilizes the same basis of accounting for budgets as it does for revenues and expenditures in its various funds. Formal budgets are adopted for the general fund. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level. As a result, deficits in the budget columns of the accompanying financial statements may occur. All budgeted appropriations lapse at vear end.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

g. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities and are reported in three categories. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and any outstanding debt related to those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are legal limitations imposed on their use by legislation, or external restrictions imposed by other governments, creditors, or grantors. Unrestricted net position are assets that do not meet definitions of the classifications previously described.

NOTE B - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

"Total fund balances" of the District's governmental funds, \$2,218,986, differs from "net position" of governmental activities, \$3,426,453, reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the current financial resources focus of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet. The effect of the differences is illustrated below.

Capital related items

When capital assets (improvements and equipment that are to be used in governmental activities) are purchased or constructed, the cost of those assets is reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole.

Land improvements	\$ 1,648,125
Improvements other than buildings	17,152,941
Equipment	825,875
Accumulated depreciation	(10,031,148)
Total	\$ 9,595,793

Prepaid bond insurance

Prepaid bond insurance is recognized as an asset at the government-wide level and amortized over the life of the long-term debt.

Duran at all lands at the account of	Φ.	22 425
Prepaid bond insurance	35	36.495

NOTE B - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position (Continued)

Deferred amount on refunding

The difference between the outstanding balance of the old debt and the cost of the new debt is a deferred outflow of resources. This balance is amortized over the life of the new debt. The unamortized balance is reflected as deferred amount on refunding.

Deferred amount on refunding

\$ 309,573

Long-term debt transactions

Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities (both current and long-term) are reported in the Statement of Net Position. Balances at September 30, 2020 were:

Bonds payable	\$ (8,735,000)
Bond discount, net	 97,340
	_
Total	\$ (8 637 660)

Accrued interest

Accrued liabilities in the Statement of Net Position differ from the amount reported in governmental funds due to the accrued interest on bonds.

Accrued interest \$ (96,734)

2. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Operating Statements and the Statement of Activities

The "net change in fund balances" for government funds, \$(1,080,279), differs from the "change in net position" for governmental activities, \$(416,922), reported in the Statement of Activities. The differences arise primarily from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Activities versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds. The effect of the differences is illustrated as follows.

NOTE B - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Operating Statements and the Statement of Activities (Continued)

Capital related items

When capital assets that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the Statement of Activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation. As a result, fund balances decrease by the amount of financial resources expended, whereas net position decrease by the amount of depreciation charged for the year.

Depreciation	\$	(609,173)
Capital outlay		1,225,615
Total	<u>\$</u>	616,442

<u>Deferred amount on refunding</u>

Amortization expense of the deferred amount on refunding does not require the use of current resources and therefore is not reported in the governmental funds.

Amortization of deferred amount on refunding	\$	(29.719)
	w	120.110

Long-term debt transactions

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

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Prepaid bond insurance

Prepaid bond insurance is recognized as other debt service costs at the fund level, however it is recognized as an asset at the government-wide level and amortized over the life of the bonds.

Prepaid bond insurance	<u>\$</u>	<u>37,582</u>
Current year amortization	\$	(1.087)

NOTE B - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Operating Statements and the Statement of Activities (Continued)

Long-term debt transactions (Continued)

The repayment of long-term liabilities is reported as an expenditure at the fund level, but such repayments reduce long-term liabilities at the government-wide level.

Debt principal payments	\$ 380,000
Issuance of long-term debt	(2,520,000)
Bond discount	 48,145
Total	\$ (2,091,855)

Amortization expense of the bond premium/discount does not require the use of current resources and therefore is not reported in the governmental funds.

Amortization of bond discount \$ (5.007)

NOTE C - CASH AND DEPOSITS

All deposits are held in qualified public depositories and are included on the accompanying balance sheet as cash and investments.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District follows the provisions of Chapter 280, Florida Statutes regarding deposits and investments to manage custodial credit risk. The District maintains all deposits in a qualified public depository, so that all deposits are fully insured by Federal Depositors Insurance or collateralized under Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. As of September 30, 2020, the District's bank balance was \$121,366 and the carrying value was \$100,575.

As of September 30, 2020, the District had the following investments and maturities:

Investment	<u>Maturities</u>	Fair Value
Local Government Surplus Trust Fund Investment Pool - Prime Fund Money Market Fund	48 days* N/A	\$ 383,769 460,424
First American Government Obligation Fund, Class Z Total	44 days*	1,291,016 \$2,135,209

^{*}Maturity is a weighted average maturity.

NOTE C - CASH AND DEPOSITS (CONTINUED)

<u>Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits</u> (Continued)

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy recently established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The District uses a market approach in measuring fair value that uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or similar assets, liabilities, or groups of assets and liabilities.

Assets or liabilities are classified into one of three levels. Level 1 is the most reliable and is based on quoted price for identical assets, or liabilities, in an active market. Level 2 uses significant other observable inputs when obtaining quoted prices for identical or similar assets, or liabilities, in markets that are not active. Level 3 is the least reliable and uses significant unobservable inputs that uses the best information available under the circumstances, which includes the District's own data in measuring unobservable inputs.

Based on the criteria in the preceding paragraph, the investment in First American Government Obligation Fund, Class Z and the money market fund are Level 1 assets.

Investments

The District's investment policy allows management to invest funds in investments permitted under Section 218.415, Florida Statutes. Among other investments, the policy allows the District to invest in the State Board of Administration Local Government Surplus Trust Funds.

Cash placed with the State Board of Administration represents the District's participation in the Local Government Surplus Trust Funds Investment Pool and is reported at fair value. As a pool participant the District invests in pools of investments in which shares are owned in the pool rather than the underlying investments.

Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

NOTE C - CASH AND DEPOSITS (CONTINUED)

Credit Risk

The District's investments in treasury funds, commercial paper, and government loans are limited by state statutory requirements and bond compliance. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust is an authorized investment under Section 218.415, Florida Statutes. The District's investments in the state investment pool and government loans are limited by state statutory requirements and bond compliance. The District had monies invested with the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (Fund), at September 30, 2020. This fund met the requirements of a "2-7a like pool" as defined in Government Accounting Standards Board, Statement 31.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District places no limit on the amount it may invest. The investment in First American Government Obligation Funds represents 60% of the District's total investments. The investment in Local Government Surplus Funds Trust represents 18% and the Money Market Fund represents 22% of the District's total investments.

The types of deposits and investments and their level of risk exposure as of September 30, 2020 were typical of these items during the fiscal year then ended. As of September 30, 2020, the District's investments in the First American Government Obligation Fund and Local Government Surplus – Florida Prime Fund was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. The District considers any decline in fair value for certain investments to be temporary.

NOTE D - SPECIAL ASSESSMENT REVENUES

Assessments are non-ad valorem assessments on benefitted property within the District. Operating and Maintenance Assessments are based upon adopted budget and levied annually. Debt Service Assessments are levied when bonds are issued and collected annually for the term of the bond. The District may collect assessments directly or utilize the uniform method of collection (Chapter 197.3632, Florida Statutes). Directly collected assessments are due as determined by annual assessment resolution adopted by the Board of Supervisors. Assessments collected under the uniform method are mailed by County Tax Collector on November 1 and due on or before March 31 of each year. Property owners may prepay a portion or all of the Debt Service Assessments on their property subject to various provisions in the bond documents.

Assessments and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

NOTE E - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Balance 10/1/19	 Additions	Del	etions		Balance 09/30/20
Governmental Activities:	_			_		
Capital assets, not depreciated:						
Land and improvements	\$ 1,648,125	\$ 	\$		\$	1,648,125
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Improvements other than building	15,938,616	1,214,325		-		17,152,941
Equipment	814,585	11,290		-		825,875
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	16,753,201	1,225,615		-		17,978,816
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Improvements other than building	(9,088,746)	(553,678)		-		(9,642,424)
Equipment	(333,229)	(55,495)				(388,724)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(9,421,975)	(609,173)		-	((10,031,148)
Total Capital Assets Depreciated, Net	7,331,226	616,442		-		7,947,668
Governmental Activities Capital Assets	\$ 8,979,351	\$ 616,442	\$	_	\$	9,595,793

Depreciation of \$609,173 was allocated to physical environment.

NOTE F – LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of activity for long-term debt of the Governmental Activities for the year ended September 30, 2020:

Long-term debt at October 1, 2019	\$ 6,595,000
Issuance of long-term debt Principal payments	 2,520,000 (380,000)
Long-term debt at September 30, 2020	\$ 8,735,000
Less: bond discount, net	 (97,340)
Bonds Payable, Net at September 30, 2020	\$ 8,637,660

NOTE F - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

District debt is comprised of the following at September 30, 2020:

Capital Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bond

\$7,595,000 Series 2016 Capital Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds maturing through 2034, interest between 3.5% and 5.0%, payable May 1 and November 1. Current portion is \$385,000

\$ 6.215.000

\$2,520,000 Series 2020 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds are due in annual principal installments beginning May 2021 maturing May 2040. Interest at various rates between 2.375% and 2.625% is due May and November beginning May 2020. Current portion is \$10,000.

2,520,000

Bond Payable at September 30, 2020

\$ 8,735,000

The annual requirements to amortize the principal and interest of bonded debt outstanding as of September 30, 2020 are as follows:

Year Ending						
September 30,	<u>Principal</u>	 Interest	_	Total		
2021	\$ 395,000	\$ 232,162		\$ 627,162		
2022	405,000	224,224		629,224		
2023	410,000	216,087		626,087		
2024	420,000	207,349		627,349		
2025	430,000	197,374		627,374		
2026-2030	2,335,000	813,462		3,148,462		
2031-2035	2,625,000	442,994		3,067,994		
2036-2039	 1,715,000	 142,798	_	1,857,798		
Totals	\$ 8,735,000	\$ 2,476,450	_	\$ 11,211,450		
			-			

Significant Bond Provisions

The District agrees to levy special assessments in annual amounts adequate to provide payment of debt in accordance with Bond Indentures. The Bond Indentures established certain amounts be maintained in reserve accounts for the Series 2016 and Series 2020 Bonds. The reserve requirement for the Series 2016 Bonds was met through bond insurance and a cash reserve of \$193,380 which is equal to the bond requirement. The reserve requirement for the Series 2020 Bonds was met through bond insurance and a cash reserve of \$112,710 which is equal to the bond requirement.

NOTE G – INTERFUND ACTIVITY

The interfund activity for the year ended September 30, 2020, consisted of the following:

		Transf						
		General Debt Service			Grand			
Transfer In		Fund		Fund Series 2016		ries 2016	 Total	
General Fund	\$		\$	14,384	\$ 14,384			
Capital Projects Reserve		72,585			72,585			
Total	\$	\$ 72,585		14,384	\$ 86,969			

The transfer from the Debt Service Fund to the General Fund relates to excess revenues collected in the Debt Service Fund. The transfer from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Reserve Fund relates to reimbursement of expenditures paid out of Capital Projects Reserve Fund.

NOTE H - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. There were no claims or settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage.

Certified Public Accountants PL

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Supervisors Sampson Creek Community Development District St. Johns County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Sampson Creek Community Development District, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 30, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Sampson Creek Community Development District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Sampson Creek Community Development District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Sampson Creek Community Development District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Board of Supervisors Sampson Creek Community Development District

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Sampson Creek Community Development District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank

Certified Public Accountants PL

Derger Joonbo Glam Dained + Frank

Fort Pierce, Florida

June 30, 2021

Certified Public Accountants PL

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MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Supervisors Sampson Creek Community Development District St. Johns County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Sampson Creek Community Development District as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated June 30, 2021.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

Other Reports Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and our Independent Auditor's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with AICPA Professionals Standards, AT-C Section 315 regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in that report, which is dated June 30, 2021, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been made to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. The following finding or recommendation was made in the preceding financial audit report.

2018-01

Finding: The actual expenditures in the General Fund exceeded the budget which is a violation of Section 189.016, Florida Statutes.

Response: Management will review spending to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriations in the future.

Current Status: The finding was corrected in the current year.



To the Board of Supervisors
Sampson Creek Community Development District

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not Sampson Creek Community Development District has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Sampson Creek Community Development District did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1) Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial conditions assessment procedures as of September 30, 2020 for the Sampson Creek Community Development District. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Sampson Creek Community Development District's financial condition; our financial condition assessment was based in part on the representations made by management and the review of the financial information provided by the same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Supervisors, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank Certified Public Accountants PL

Derger Joonbo Glam Daines + Frank

Fort Pierce, Florida

June 30, 2021

Certified Public Accountants PL

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT/COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

To the Board of Supervisors Sampson Creek Community Development District St. Johns County, Florida

We have examined Sampson Creek Community Development District's compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes during the year ended September 30, 2020. Management is responsible for Sampson Creek Community Development District's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Sampson Creek Community Development District's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about Sampson Creek Community Development District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on Sampson Creek Community Development District's compliance with the specified requirements.

In our opinion, Sampson Creek Community Development District complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements during the year ended September 30, 2020.

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank

Certified Public Accountants PL

Fort Pierce, Florida

June 30, 2021